# BRIARPOINTE VETERINARY CLINIC



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## **FELINE HYPERTENSION**

Hypertension is the medical term for high blood pressure.

## Are certain cats more likely to get high blood pressure?

In humans, hypertension is related to several factors, including a stressful lifestyle. Although not all causes of feline hypertension have been identified, stress does not appear to play a role in the development of this disorder in cats. However, kidney, thyroid, and heart disease are known to cause feline hypertension and will be described in detail. Hypertension is more common in older cats, especially overweight or obese cats.

## What are the clinical signs?

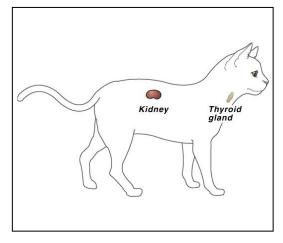
Visual abnormalities are the most common clinical findings with feline hypertension. These abnormalities can include dilated pupils that do not constrict with light, blood within the chamber of the eye, and blindness. Blindness develops because high blood pressure in the eye causes the retina to detach. Retinal detachment causes blindness. Blindness is usually noticed when the cat keeps bumping into objects in their path.

In some cases, hypertension is suspected because of a heart murmur or kidney-related signs, such as increased water intake or urination.

# What causes hypertension?

Kidney failure and hyperthyroidism have been identified as the two most common predisposing factors for development of feline hypertension. Certain heart diseases can also cause





Kidney disease – It appears that several different mechanisms may lead to development hypertension in cats with kidney disease. One theory suggests that as a cat ages, the kidneys undergo normal aging changes, including a slow accumulation of scar tissue. With time, this scar tissue causes the kidneys to shrink in size. When the kidney shrinks, it is harder for the blood to filter through. Because the kidneys normally receive 20% of the blood with every heartbeat, blood backs up into the arteries and leads to an increase in blood pressure. One study found that about 60% of cats with chronic kidney failure

have hypertension. Elderly cats in the early stages of kidney disease are also more likely to have hypertension.

**Hyperthyroidism** – The thyroid gland is located in the neck and plays a very important role in regulating the body's metabolic rate. Hyperthyroidism is a disorder characterized by the overproduction of thyroid hormone and a subsequent increase in the metabolic rate. This is a fairly common disease of older cats. Although the thyroid gland enlarges, it is usually a benign change. Less than 2% of hyperthyroid cases involve a malignant change in the gland.

Many organs are affected by this disease, including the heart. The heart is stimulated to pump faster and more forcefully, and eventually, the heart enlarges to meet these increased demands for blood flow. The increased pumping pressure leads to high blood pressure. About 25% of cats with hyperthyroidism have high blood pressure, although most of them do not have blood pressures high enough to cause blindness.

## How is it diagnosed?

Hypertension should be suspected in any older cat with kidney disease or hyperthyroidism. Onset of sudden, unexplained blindness should raise a strong suspicion for hypertension, and the associated diseases should be considered. The presence of a heart murmur or kidney-related problems may also signal the presence of a hypertensive state.

Blood pressure is measured with a device that can detect blood flow in arteries. Obviously, the cat has very small arteries when compared to those of humans. Consequently, the standard blood pressure equipment used on humans will not work on cats.

#### What is involved in treatment?

Although there are several drugs that are very effective in treating human hypertension, none of these are approved for use in cats. Research efforts have determined that some of these drugs are effective in cats. Studies are still being done in an effort to determine which drugs are the safest and most reliable. We will recommend the best treatment options for your cat based on its specific needs.

#### What is the prognosis for hypertension?

The underlying disease that caused hypertension to develop must be cured or controlled. Long-term success depends on whether or not this is possible. If the cat has kidney, heart, or thyroid disease, it is important to treat those conditions aggressively. Hyperthyroidism is curable, but hypertrophic cardiomyopathy and chronic kidney failure are not. However, even those conditions can be managed successfully in many cats.

If the cat has blindness due to detached retinas, a medical emergency exists. Blood pressure must be lowered quickly in order to restore vision. If the retinas remain detached for more than a day or two, the prognosis is poor for a return of normal vision. Therefore, the key to a successful outcome is rapid diagnosis and early administration of the proper medication to lower blood pressure.