



## **BRIARPOINTE VETERINARY CLINIC**

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### **EAR MITES**

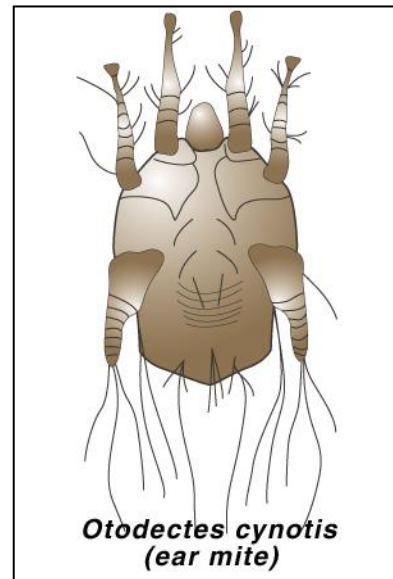
#### ***What are ear mites?***

The ear mite *Otodectes cynotis* is a surface mite that lives on cats, dogs, rabbits and ferrets. It is usually found in the ear canal but it can also live on the skin surface. The entire ear mite life cycle takes place on animals. Cats become infested by direct contact with another infested animal. The mite is just visible to the naked eye and can be seen as a white speck moving against a dark background.

#### ***What are the clinical signs of ear mites?***

Ear mites are the most common cause of feline ear disease and infection. They are the second most common ectoparasite found on cats; the most common is the flea. Infestations are most common in kittens and young cats although cats of any age can be affected. Clinical signs of infestation vary in severity from one cat to another and include combinations of:

1. Ear irritation causing scratching at the ears or head shaking
2. A dark waxy or crusty discharge from the ear
3. Areas of hair loss resulting from self-trauma - scratching or excessive grooming
4. A crusted rash around or in the ear
5. An aural hematoma - a large blood blister cause by rupture of small blood vessels between the skin and cartilage of the ear usually on the inner aspect - caused by scratching at the ears



Skin lesions most frequently affect the ear and surrounding skin but occasionally other areas of the body may be affected.

#### ***How are ear mite infestations diagnosed?***

Typical clinical signs with a history of contact with other cats or dogs would suggest the involvement of ear mites. Ear mites cause over half of all feline ear disease. However, other

conditions can result in very similar clinical signs and must be ruled-out before treatment is begun.

A positive diagnosis is made by identification of the mite. This is usually straightforward and may be done either by examination of the cat's ears with an otoscope or by microscopic examination of discharge from the ear. If the ears are very sore, the cat may need to be sedated to allow the ears to be properly examined and treated.

### ***How are ear mites treated?***

Three steps are required to successfully treat ear mites:

1. Treat the ears of all affected and susceptible pets
2. Treat the skin of all affected and susceptible pets
3. Treat the indoor environment because the mite is capable of limited survival off pets



We will advise you about which insecticidal products are suitable. There are several ear medications licensed for the treatment of ear mites.

We may re-examine the cat to ensure that the mites have been eliminated.

### ***Do ear mites affect people?***

Ear mites may cause a temporary itchy rash on susceptible people if there are infested pets in the household. Eradication of the mites from the pets will cure the problem.

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*Edited by John S. Parker, DVM*

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