



## **BRIARPOINTE VETERINARY CLINIC**

47330 Ten Mile Road  
Novi, MI 48374  
(248) 449-7447

Ronald A. Studer, D.V.M., L.P.C.    John S. Parker, D.V.M.

### **DIARRHEA**

#### ***What is diarrhea?***

Diarrhea is the passage of feces as unformed or loose stools, usually in increased volume and frequency of passage. It is a result of increased speed of passage of fecal material through the intestine combined with decreased absorption of water, nutrients and electrolytes. There are many causes of diarrhea. Diarrhea may occur as the only sign or in combination with other signs of more widespread disease, or with symptoms that result from prolonged or severe diarrhea.

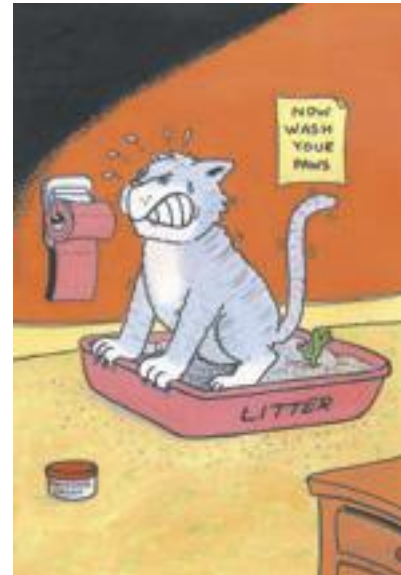
#### ***How can I tell if my cat has diarrhea?***

If your normally well-trained cat suddenly starts having accidents around the house, and the stools are unformed to fluid, then diarrhea is obvious. But if the cat is still using the litter box and covering up its feces or defecates outdoors, it may be difficult to initially notice diarrhea. Staining and soiling of the fur around the back end in long-haired breeds is often associated with diarrhea. It is important to remember that some variation in the consistency of stools is not unusual. Changes in diet can lead to temporary changes in the stool. If frequent liquid or semi-liquid stools persist for more than two days, you should call for an appointment.

If you have more than one cat then it is important to try and determine if it is just one cat or if other cats also have diarrhea.

#### ***What are some causes of diarrhea?***

Diarrhea is not a disease in itself but a clinical sign that may reflect one or more of many different problems. Most involve some degree of inflammation of one or more sections of the gastro-intestinal (GI) tract. The GI tract is the continuous tube that carries food from mouth to anus. Inflammation can be caused by infectious agents such as bacteria, viruses, coccidia, and intestinal worms, or by non-infectious irritants such as chemical toxins, poisonous plants, and so on. Allergies to certain specific components of a diet may be responsible for diarrhea. Diarrhea may occur as a sole symptom or as one of several symptoms of a more generalized disease problem.



### ***How is the cause of diarrhea determined?***

It is important to provide us with a detailed medical history, as diagnosing the cause of diarrhea may sometimes be difficult.

Besides a thorough clinical exam, we usually recommend additional diagnostic tests. These tests may be deferred in mild cases of diarrhea unless initial treatment fails or the condition worsens. Tests may include blood tests, stool and rectal swab samples for parasite examination and culture, radiographs, and endoscopic exam.

### ***How is diarrhea treated?***

Initially, and often in advance of in-depth work-up, a non-specific approach may be adopted. It is a good idea to withhold food for twenty-four hours and encourage water consumption. Gradually reintroduce small quantities of a light, easily digestible diet. Anti-diarrheal medication may be used to help speed your pet's recovery. Many cases of diarrhea will respond quite readily to



simple treatment, without the initial cause ever being established. As the stools return to normal, the cat's regular diet can be gradually reintroduced, mixed initially with the bland rice-chicken or similar diet.

If there is little or no improvement over two or three days, then we should be notified at once. Treatment may be more aggressive based on the results of an in-depth clinical work-up as outlined above. Loss of fluid is one of the most serious

aspects of severe or prolonged diarrhea, and if vomiting is present, dehydration can rapidly escalate. Correcting the dehydration may require intravenous or subcutaneous fluids.

### ***Can I use anti-diarrheal medications from the human pharmacy?***

Some of the preparations recommended for people are very dangerous for cats so never use a medication without consulting your veterinarian first. Products containing ASA or acetaminophen are extremely toxic in cats.

### ***My cat has chronic diarrhea. Will it get better?***

Chronic diarrhea that has been present for two to three weeks or longer may prove more difficult to diagnose and to treat effectively. Even extensive work-up does not always provide a definitive answer to the problem. But in many cases a thorough clinical work-up, including food trials, can result in a successful outcome.

---

*Edited by John S. Parker, DVM*

© Copyright 2005 Lifelearn Inc. Used with permission under license. April 7, 2017